

Redeemed From the Curse of the Law

by Paris Reidhead

The speaker shares his personal experiences with the subject of healing and explores the concept of the curse of the law, highlighting its relationship to the penalty of the law and the purpose of the curse.

Duration: 54:34

Scripture: Exodus 12:13, Deuteronomy 28:15, Psalm 105:37, Isaiah 53:5, Galatians 3:13

Topics: "Curse Of The Law", "Redemption", "Healing"

Description

Paris Reidhead emphasizes the profound truth that Christ has redeemed us from the curse of the law by being made a curse for us. He recounts his personal journey of understanding healing and the significance of Christ's sacrifice, illustrating how the curse is not merely the penalty of death but a condition that leads us to repentance. Reidhead draws from biblical examples, particularly the Passover lamb, to show that through Christ's suffering, we are not only forgiven but also restored to wholeness. He encourages believers to grasp the fullness of their redemption and the implications of Christ's work for both their souls and bodies.

Transcript

My first introduction to the important subject of the Lord for the Body, or Christ our Healer, came when I was a student here in Minneapolis at Northwestern School. I was sick. I was, had been sick for some time, I couldn't get my strength back, and so I went in to see my good pastor and president of the school, Dr. Riley.

Told him what I was, asked him if I thought I should, he thought I should quit school or what, and he looked at me and smiled, I'd known him, and he said, well, the first thing you're going to do is next Sunday afternoon go down to Jackson Hall to Charlie Ingersoll's meeting, and you're going to go in and ask Charlie Ingersoll to pray for you, and you tell him I sent you. Well, I inquired a little bit about Charlie Ingersoll. In the book by T.J. McCrossan entitled Christ's Paralyzed Church X-rayed, you find reference made to Charlie Ingersoll.

Mr. Ingersoll was an elder in the Oliver Presbyterian Church, and Dr. McCrossan was pastor there. And Dr. McCrossan had been examiner in Greek and Hebrew for the Manitoba Presbytery and for the Minnesota Presbytery, and God had, through the marvelous workings of his grace, brought Dr. McCrossan to the conviction that the Lord Jesus is both able and willing and desirous of healing. And so this had become part of his ministry, and one of his elders, Charlie Ingersoll, had been greatly blessed of

God and had obviously been given this ministry of encouraging people to lay hold of the Lord.

Well, I do not know just what happened, but it so fell out that when Dr. McCrossan left, apparently there was a change in emphasis at the Oliver Presbyterian Church, and Dr. Riley had been greatly influenced by A.B. Simpson back years before at Old Orchard, Maine. And apparently he had gotten vision and burden that made him a friend of what McCrossan stood for and of Mr. Ingersoll. And so he'd opened Jackson Hall, one of the rooms there in the Sunday School building, to Dr. or to Mr. Ingersoll.

And I went down, and Mr. Ingersoll gave a lovely exhortation and prayed for me. And the Lord touched me and helped me. But I left it there and soon was out in the pastures.

The next encounter I had with the subject of healing was when I was pastor in Little Falls, Minnesota, at the First Baptist Church. Someone was ill, and I went to the hospital, and the doctor met me in the hall, and he said, Brother, if you, Mr. or Reverend, or whatever it was, if you know anybody that knows how to pray, you better call on them. Because unless something is done that I can't do, this poor party's going to die.

Well, I'd already talked with him about this subject, somewhere he'd gotten interested in it, and gave him my unbelief and told him that I did not believe that healing was for today or part of our heritage in Christ. And so in this particular situation, remembering our conversation, he said, if you know somebody that knows how to pray, you better get them. And it was something of a rebuff to me.

One of the deacons in that church came to me and said, Mrs. So-and-so wants us to come and to anoint her and to pray for her. And so in characteristic temerity and effrontery, in a sense, I said, Oh, I'm awfully sorry, I can't do that. Well, why not? She asked for it.

Oh, I said, You know very well that James was written to the Jews in dispersion. Now, if you can prove she's a dispersed Jew, I'll be willing to come, but otherwise. And spent 45 minutes explaining to him why I wasn't going to go.

He said, You don't believe that? Oh, yes, I said, I believe it, but it's not for us. And so he said, Well, I better see if there isn't some preacher in town that'll do it, because she wants someone to come and to anoint her. And so it went on.

Very little happened until I got to Africa. And I used to get terribly angry with the Lord that he sent me to do Paul's work and he didn't give me Paul's equipment. That seemed sort of small of him, if you ask me, because these people didn't know whether Paul had lived 10 years ago or 2,000 years ago.

They had no concept of time. And I had been, when I went to Africa, my Bible was really, all it was about the size of a Sunday school quarterly in a 12-Sunday month. It was a period, you know, it wasn't very big.

I'd chopped it up, this to the Jews, this to the tribulation, and I ended up with a cover and a little bit in between, but I had distributed most of it. And the consequence of that was I used to feel that it wasn't quite fair of the Lord to send me out to do what Paul was supposed to do, but not to allow me to have Paul's equipment and provision. And I remember coming back from Kosti on a steamer where I was a guest of a Sudanese official, Moslem, Moslem, and we were talking.

And I finally came around to the point where I witnessed to him of Christ and this Moslem who told me that he was, didn't believe in the religion of Islam, but he was socially and politically and economically a

Moslem because it was his culture, but not religiously. And so I told him of Christ and he sat there and just wept. And then just about the time I thought surely he was going to open his heart to our wonderful Lord, he left.

And I didn't see him till the next day when I came to talk with him. He was quite aloof and indifferent, and I was disturbed. Well, we got to talking and I pressed the claims of Christ upon him and asked him to receive our Lord.

And I'll never forget his looking at me and saying, Mr. Reed, you want me to receive Christ. Do you know what that's going to cost me? That's going to mean I'll get lose my job, for if I witnessed to him I'll certainly lose that. It's going to mean I'll lose my house because the mortgage is held by my father-in-law who's a fanatical Moslem.

It means my wife will be taken away from me, my children will be taken away from me. And it furthermore means that my mother is going to take a vow down at the mosque that she will not rest until she's killed me. Because this is one of the five pillars of our faith, to kill the infidel.

And she's not, she's going to swear a curse on anybody's head that kills me because she's going to say it's her responsibility to do it. She bore me and she should kill me. Now I, he said, you're asking me to do that on the basis of what you presented.

I said, yes, I am. I know that. He said, let me ask you something.

You say that Jesus Christ is alive, and I say that Muhammad is dead. We know he's buried in the Kaaba and Mecca. We go there to go around the tomb of Muhammad.

Now I want to ask you one question. What can your living Jesus do that our dead Muhammad can't? And I said, now he's opened the door. I said, he can take you to heaven.

He said, I understand that's what your faith believes, but let me ask you one thing. Has anyone ever come back, having gone your way, and said he made it? Our people believe that Muhammad will take them to heaven. How, what proof do you have that your way takes people to heaven? Don't they all die? What happens to them afterwards? What, how do you know? Other than what the Bible says.

Well I said, we, we don't. We just know that's what happens. He said, good, but that's what our people believe.

What else can Jesus do? Well, I said, he can make people holy. Oh, he said, like those people that go to the cathedral on Sunday, but they've been drunk at the club on Saturday night. Holy like that, you mean? Well, I mean, no, you've got to distinguish between Christians and Christians, you understand.

Oh, like the missionaries that come and stand up in front of my counter and, and hammer on the desk when they don't get service fast enough. Is that what you? Well, I said, I'm sure there are some of those. No, he said, I know there's a difference between them, but I'm just not satisfied.

We have some people that live very abstemious lives also. I'm not satisfied with that. What else can he do? Well, I said, after all, he's the one that, that sent the teachers to carry education and medical help to lands like the Sudan.

Oh yes, I know. He said, also slavery and the atom bomb came from your country. What else do you have? By this time, I didn't have much to say.

He said, I'd like to know what your Jesus can do for our people that are in need. And I hadn't been taught very much about that. So I left Africa and I, we talked more, and I left Africa ringing in my ears, what can your living Jesus do that our dead Muhammad can? You see, nine people are being one to Muhammadanism, for every one being one to Christianity.

And missions in North Africa have been there for 150 years, and we have recorded so far 300 converts. That is, we have record of two converts a year for 150 years from Islam. And nine people are being one to Islam, for one being one to Christianity.

This is the greatest challenge to church she's ever faced. And the answer came back to this, what can your living Jesus do that our dead Muhammad can't? Now, this drove me to the word. I returned from Africa, was made a deputational secretary for a mission, and worked myself to the place out of sheer frustration.

And I sometimes think out of a death wish, just to try and escape from myself and the world. I worked myself down so that in three years of deputational work, I had acute sinusitis, which the doctor said there was no cure. Early arterial sclerosis with vascular collapse, so that most of the time my hands were numb to my elbows.

I'd had a hemorrhoid condition, so that I'd had to have an operation which was only of temporary relief. And the doctor told me that the total condition was such that unless there was immediate relief, I probably would could expect death within months. And I was just about 30 at the time, maybe a little older.

And I was desperate, because I knew of nothing else than just the pressure of human enterprise and human activity. One day down in a little hotel in Georgia, I'd been praying for a long list of needs totaling a quarter of a million dollars, and crying out to God for the supply of these needs. And all of a sudden it dawned on me that God had sent in about half of that amount, and it was the same sum last year.

And this seemed like we were running up hill, we weren't getting anywhere. Quarter of a million dollars last year, God sent in 125,000, and we were up to a quarter million again. How would you ever finish? And all of a sudden the futility dawned on me, and I slipped off the edge of the bed where I was kneeling, and fell straight out on the floor, and sobbed like a baby.

And I can remember saying this, Lord, I'm through. I'm finished. It's absolutely wrong for you ever to have called human beings with nothing but nerves, and blood, and tissue to serve you.

You ought to have made some robot that had copper nerves, and aluminum tubes for veins, that wouldn't break down. A human being can't stand this. It's too much.

And I told the Lord what I thought of him, and I thought of his work, and that I was utterly finished, and absolutely through, and I wouldn't go any further. And as soon as the merry-go-round stopped, I was going to get off. And when I'd finished, and was too tired to cry, or to sob deep down in my heart, I thought I heard him say something like this, You mean you're really through? Well, that's what I've been waiting for.

You know, you've really run me a chase. You mean you're not going to just rest a little, and get up, and tear off again? You're through? Well, that's the best news I've heard. I've got something far better for you

than what you thought I had.

And it wasn't long after that, until I discovered the wonderful truth of our union with Christ, and our identification with Christ, and victory through that identification, that when Jesus died, we died. Oh, it was like springtime in midwinter. My heart leaped with delight and joy to think that there was victory over our personalities, and deliverance from this slavery to our traits and nature.

And then the next thing I learned was down in Louisville, Kentucky. A dear woman in a little church there, where my brother Wallace Cobble was pastor, it was in a morning meeting. I had been expounding on identification with Christ, and she came and stood there, so sweet and smiling, and said, Oh, that was rich, that blessed my heart.

But you know, I do wish that you'd known the baptism, knew the baptism of the Holy Spirit, and the fullness of the Spirit. Well, I went pouting off into a corner. I knew one thing, I wasn't going to get very near her after that.

She just couldn't appreciate the fine things of life, and that was, and I wasn't, but you know, those words just stuck in my heart. And finally I began to see that God did have something more than just victory, that the normal Christian life wasn't our just trying to live for him in our energy, even delivered from our traits and tendencies, but the normal Christian life was given to us in the words of Paul. I am crucified with Christ, that's identification, nevertheless I live, yet not I, but Christ liveth in me.

And I had to realize that I knew very little of his indwelling life. So there came a time in February of 1953, when after months of searching the word, meeting and seeking him, I actually knew for the first time the fullness of his presence, and his covering anointing presence. And that same time, dear friends with whom I was praying said, let's ask the Lord about your other needs.

He said, you have very cute eye trouble, and I did. And so he prayed for my eyes, and he said, and your sinus is very bad, let's ask the Lord about that. And said, and your circulation is very poor, let's ask the Lord about that.

And you know within just days, my glasses didn't fit, they weren't quite right, but they were much better than they'd been. And my sinus had cleared up, and my circulation was better. And it wasn't long until I'd just known the healing life and the restoring life of the Lord go through my body, and I was rejuvenated, and how I rejoiced.

But there was one area that didn't respond. I'd been anointed, I'd sought the Lord, he'd done such wonderful things for me, I didn't have any question as to what he could do. But why about this? Why not this? And gradually it began to dawn on me that there was something more the Lord wanted to teach me.

And so I went into the Word, went studying it and seeking it, continually asking God to show me what it was that he wanted to use. And I can't tell you what train of suggestion or influence came, but all at once I began to be greatly concerned about the verse in front of us. Christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the law, having been made a curse for us.

I went back to some notes I'd made in school, went to some commentaries I had, and almost invariably they said the curse of the law is death. The curse of the law is the same as the penalty of the law. And to be redeemed from the curse of the law is just the same as to be redeemed from the penalty of the law.

Now the penalty of the law is clear, the soul that sinneth it shall die. And so I said, now is the curse of the law synonymous with the penalty of the law? Whatever the curse of the law is, I've got to find out, because Christ was made a curse for us. Now we know that there's no remission of sins but by the shedding of blood.

But if all we get out of the death of Christ is the remission of sin, why did he have to go to the cross? Why, the spear could have pierced his heart on the God's garden path, and he could have died and shed his blood. And you mean then that all these hours of agony that he had on the cross had no other purpose than just the remission of sin? And so I remembered that back in school I'd been taught a principle called the first mention principle. And you go to the scripture to find out the first mention of a word.

And there you usually find how God uses that word and how he wants you to understand it. So the word involved in a question was curse. Well that meant I had to go back to Genesis, the third chapter.

And this was the first mention of the word curse. It was the time when Adam and Eve had sinned and God called the pair before him and Satan as well. We find it here in the 14th verse, God speaks first to the serpent and then elsewhere.

This is the first mention of this word curse. Now remember penalty is clear. The soul that sinneth it shall die.

Die, death is the penalty. And the question to be established was, is curse and penalty synonymous? So let's look. And the Lord said unto the serpent, because thou hast done this thou are cursed.

Does this mean that he died? Or was it a change in his condition from pleasantness to unpleasantness? I think you'll see that that's what it was. Thou art cursed above all cattle and above every beast of the field. Upon thy belly shalt thou go, and thus shalt thou eat all the days of thy life.

And I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed. It shall bruise thy head and thou shalt bruise his heel. Now unto the woman he said I will greatly multiply thy sorrow, change condition.

And thy conception in sorrow shalt thou bring forth children. And thy husband shall be to the shall be to thy husband, and thy desire shall be to thy husband. And he shall rule over thee.

And unto Adam he said, because thou hast hearkened unto the voice of thy wife, and hast eaten of the tree of which I commanded thee saying, thou shalt not eat of it. Cursed is the ground. Now does this mean it died? Or did there come a change of condition? Well obviously it became a change of condition.

Cursed is the ground for thy sake. In sorrow shalt thou eat of it all the days of thy life. Thorns also and thistle shall it bring forth to thee.

And thou shalt eat the herbs of the field. In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread till thou return unto the ground. Now here is the first use of the word curse.

A change condition from pleasantness to unpleasantness. So obviously the first mention of the word curse indicates that it is something that results from sin, but seemingly is an intermediate experience between the time the penalty is pronounced until the penalty is carried out. Now let's see if that is sustained.

If you'll turn to Deuteronomy chapter 28, we'll have an opportunity at great length here to check and see whether our definition of curse is correct. The first 14 verses of Deuteronomy 28 have to do with blessings, which mean the improvement of condition, pleasantness, satisfaction, supply, joy, blessing. But beginning with verse 15, you have another thing introduced.

And if this is the proper use of the word curse, we ought to see it here. That curse therefore has reference to a condition imposed upon those that are under the penalty of the law, previous to the exercising of that penalty, for the purpose of persuading them to return in repentance so as to escape the penalty. Do you see? Now let's see if this is sustained.

But it shall come to pass if thou wilt not hearken unto the voice of the Lord thy God, to observe to do all his commandments and his statutes, which I command thee this day, that all these curses shall come upon thee and overtake thee. Cursed shall thou be in the city, cursed shall thou be in the field. Cursed shall be thy basket and thy store.

Cursed shall be the fruit of thy body, the fruit of thy lamb, the increase of thy kind, and the flocks of thy sheep. Cursed shall thou be when thou comest in, cursed shall thou be when thou goest out. This doesn't sound like death, does it? It sounds like a foretaste of it.

It sounds like a condition that results from the penalty having been pronounced but previous to the exercising of the penalty. Now notice what it says about the body. The Lord, in verse 21, shall make the pestilence cleave unto thee until ye have consumed thee.

Verse 22, the Lord shall smite thee with a consumption, with a fever, with an inflammation, with an extreme burning. Then we'll go down to, uh, verse 27. The Lord will smite thee with the botch of Egypt.

I don't know, when I got to Egypt I got sick after there three days. I kind of figured that's what it was. I don't know.

First I thought I'd be sick, then I was afraid I was sick. First I was afraid I'd die, and then I was afraid I wouldn't die. And it's encouraging.

When you come to the place that you're afraid you won't die, you're almost through with it, then you get better. But this must be the botch of Egypt. Whatever it was, it certainly changed my plans for me.

The Lord will smite thee with the botch of Egypt and with the hemorrhoids, another word for hemorrhoids, with the scab and with the itch whereof thou canst not be healed. And the Lord shall smite thee with madness and blindness and astonishment at heart. And thou shall grope it noonday as the blind grope it.

Verse 35, the Lord shall smite thee in the knees and in the legs with a sore botch that cannot be healed from the sole of thy foot under the top of thy head. Now do you understand, and we could read further, but this is sufficient to enable us to understand that the curse was given by God after they had participated and come under the penalty. So that getting a good taste of the penalty, they changed their mind about how smart it was to sin.

So that there would be reason within and without to drive them to God in confession to no forgiveness and pardon. And so it was a foretaste of the penalty, but it wasn't the penalty. The penalty was death always.

But God in being gracious had a little time of probation when he would put on them a sample of the penalty. And this was to induce them to flee back to him to no forgiveness and pardon. Now this is the curse, that which came upon the earth, came upon man, came upon woman, came upon Satan, and then came upon his people because of sin.

Now if you'll stay with me then we'll go a little further. God had as his great purpose to secure people for himself. We're already in Deuteronomy 28.

I'd like to have you go back to Exodus the 12th chapter with me and see what happened. Now you remember God wanted to have a nation and he allowed this nation to go down into Egypt to 70 of Jacob's family and stay there 400 years. And then Moses was called of him to draw his people out of Egypt and unto himself that he might have this testimony that this nation that would know him and understand him and be his witness.

Now they were slaves, they were forced to live on an absolutely inadequate diet, they were brutally treated, there was no unions to protect working conditions, and you can see them building the pyramids and other things can't you? And they're rolling a big block up and somebody lets go of a rope and it runs back over a chap's foot and he's kicked with the horses and he's hurt and he's bruised and he's crippled and he's suffering from all these diseases. I used to think that when Israel went out of Egypt they had 12 tribes and then the ambulatory, then the litter cases that they carried along with them. And so they had to take along all, they weren't going to leave the sick there, they weren't going to leave all of these people in Israel in Egypt, they were all of Israel, all of the delivered line.

And so we have to go back, let's find out what happened. We're back at Exodus 12 now and this will give us a little insight as to what God is doing in deliverance of his people. These things are for our example.

Speaking unto all the congregation of Israel, saying in the tenth day of this month, they shall take to them every man a lamb according to the house of their fathers, a lamb for an house. And if the household be too little for the lamb, let him and his neighbor next unto his house take it according to the number of souls. Every man according to his eating shall make your account for the lamb.

Your lamb shall be without blemish, a male of the first year. He shall take it out from the sheep and from the goat and he shall keep it up until the fourteenth day of the month. As a whole assembly of the congregation of Israel shall kill it in the evening.

And they shall take the lamb and nail it to the top of the door. Is that what it says? No. They shall take of the blood and strike it on the upper two side posts and on the upper door posts of the houses.

And then when the angel of the Lord goes through at night, he will see the blood and will pass over you. It is blood that makes atonement for sin. And it was the blood that the angel looked for.

And so the lamb would be slain, the blood caught in the basin and the bunch of hyssop broken off the wall and made into a little brush, dipped into the basin and sprinkled plainly on the upper post and the side post, speaking to us incidentally of a cross. For if you move those two posts together and put the one, the little down a little further, you have a cross. And it was the blood of his cross where he died and shed his, poured out his life that he might redeem us.

And without the shedding of blood, there's no remission of sin. So it's the blood that makes atonement for the soul. But what about the body of the lamb? Did they just say, well, it's not important, let the dogs eat it?

What'd they do with the body? Well, the first thing they did was to make a cross.

Well, they're going to have to roast it over the fire. And I've been enough out in the East, the Near East to know how they do that. They take a long stick, often a green sapling that won't burn, and they will put it through the lamb in such a way that it will turn more or less smoothly on the crotch sticks that they stick in the ground on each side of the fire.

Then in order that the fire can penetrate, they'll often cut the breast and put another stick crosswise so as to open the body of the lamb up that all might have the same penetration of heat and all might be done and ready to eat at the same time and some wouldn't be burned. So can you see this lamb now put on a long stick with a cross straight opening up the breast so that the fire could get in? And there it is over on a cross over the fire. And notice we begin with the eighth verse and they shall eat the flesh in that night, roast with fire and unleavened bread and with bitter herbs shall they eat it, eat not of it raw or sodden at all with water but roast with fire his head with his legs and with the pertinences thereof.

And ye shall let nothing of it remain until the morning and that which remaineth of it until the morning ye shall burn with fire and thus shall ye eat it with your loins girded, your shoes on your feet and your staff in your hand and ye shall eat it in haste. It is the Passover for I will pass through the land of Egypt this night and will smite all the firstborn in the land of Egypt both man and beast and against all the gods of Egypt will I execute judgment I am the Lord and the blood shall be to you for a token upon the houses where you are and when I see the blood I will pass over you and the plague shall not be upon you to destroy you when I smite the land of Egypt. Now see then what is happening it says and you shall all eat it with your loins girded your shoes on your feet and your staff in your hand.

I want to take you into a home in Egypt just one of the slave homes there's a young man in that home about 22 or 23 he was working when he was a lad at 14 on one of Pharaoh's projects there near Luxor he was trying to build one of those big buildings and they were moving some blocks up on rollers and the block slipped the chuck block slipped and the block rolled back and hit him in the thigh and it crushed him and it crushed his leg and crushed his hip pocket and his left or his right thigh and leg had withered he couldn't walk and because of sickness and disease resulting from it in proper care he was unable to walk at all and so here he was with one side of him crushed his leg crushed and hopelessly deformed and the other through malnutrition and disease so that he couldn't move and

he's in this house they've been caring for him he has no allotment of food from Pharaoh's store because he can't work according to the utilitarian idea they should have let him die but instead of that the family's watched after him and now he's been hearing that Moses is going to lead the people out to worship and deep down in his heart he wants his people to go because he wants them free from slavery but there's a deep fear because it's been now some 10 years since he's walked and he knows that his family couldn't carry him he's too old he's too heavy and they're too old and he knows that his neighbors will have more than they can carry and so in his mind he's resigned to the fact that he's got to stay there he's just got to stay there in his in Egypt and be hated and be the point of all

the anger of the Egyptians after Israel is gone and this isn't a very happy lot and deep in his heart he hopes to die but the afternoon comes and he's beginning to think about it and he says mother does father have the lamb and she says yes son it's out there you can hear it bleeding and he gets toward evening and he says mother is the father killed the lamb yeah so why are you so concerned well mother's even as crippled as I am I know that tonight the angel of the lord is coming through and I'm the firstborn in this

home and I the blood isn't there I'll be destroyed with the Egyptians and she says well son father's just taken the lamb out now and he's killed it what's he doing with it what's he doing well he caught the blood in the basin what else is he doing mother well he's gone over

and he's taken some hyssop off the wall and he's making a little brush out of it well mother what else and and he's putting it up on the wall is it plain mother can you see it or is it just a little oh no son it's plain it's quite large on both side posts and over the top you sure it's plain enough so the angel of the lord can see it oh yes son I'd like to see it but I don't want you to I don't want you to have to take me out are you sure it's there you're satisfied mother oh yes son it's there there's no question I can see it and so he waits father comes in and says son can you smell the lamb roasting in the yard yes yeah I can smell it but I'm not hungry I'm sorry I I don't think I have any appetite father I'm not gonna eat tonight well we'll see about that boy a little while later

his father comes in says you know I got this out of the case yes say that's my old cloak isn't it that's the one I wore the week before I was hurt I haven't seen it for a long time I didn't even know you kept it oh yes we kept it and here put it on oh no father I'm not going out it'll be warm in here I won't have any chill with it put it on son well why should I put it on because Moses said we were to eat with our coats on oh but I told you I wasn't going to well you just do what Moses said well you said put your arm out now now put your other arm out now let's tie it around you that's fine see dad well father what are those well those are your sandals oh you kept those too yes I kept them what are you gonna do with them I'm gonna put them on your feet father I haven't had a sandal on my

feet for 10 years no use putting it on I'm not gonna walk anywhere son I'm gonna put it on your left foot that's the better one there's tied now the right see that's been badly twisted hasn't it well I've forgotten how badly that was hurt but we'll tie it on anyway but I don't know why you're doing this then father what's that that's my staff over there I didn't know you'd kept these things well we've been going to throw them away many times to give them away but we just kept them and I guess it's good because Moses said you're to eat with your coat on and your shoes on your staff in your hands but I'm not really hungry father well we'll see a little while later they come in they pick up his bed and they carry it out just post four posts and some side posts and rope across it where are

you going you're coming out and eat oh I haven't any any hunger at all well are you all you come out and watch the rest of us eat then you're coming out Moses said we're to eat of it so they set him out in the courtyard by the fire and his father goes over to the lamb when they're starting to eat and he takes a little piece of it puts it on a leaf and another plate dish and he brings it over with some unleavened bread and he said here son oh I don't think I want any father well son I'm going to ask you to eat it for my sake whether you want it or not you see Moses told said that all of Israel was to eat of this lamb and if you don't mind I'm going to ask you to do it for me if not for you well all right father I'll take one bite if you insist and your father says here this is a nice piece

say father that does taste good I didn't realize I was hungry I'd have another piece please if you don't mind that's the best I've eaten father look see what happened say wiggle my left toe I haven't wiggled it for a long time that that meat's so good I'd have some more please look at that father there's my right foot and it's moving and uh father if you don't mind I'd like to sit sit up I haven't sit up for 10 years sit me up father and I'd have some more of that lamb please that's good hey something's happened to me father I just feel that that this life father I know this sounds foolish but I think if you and mother would get one on each side of me I could stand up you see what's happened to my foot you remember how twisted it was straightened

out while I've been eating let's see if I

can't stand up look father I'm standing I wonder if I couldn't just lean on my staff and have some more of that meat that's the best I've ever eaten tell you look what it's done father just get over here with my staff here I think I could take a step look I can do that father I can walk and then tears gotcha father I won't have to be left behind now will I I can go with you out of Egypt you see I've been so afraid that when you went you couldn't take me you'd have to leave me and all the sick people but since I've eaten that lamb I'm not sick anymore and somebody's looking at me and saying you're making that up well I wouldn't have the effrontery to make it up you turn to Psalm 105 verse 37 see if I made it up I want you everybody to read it with me you're going to read it out because I

don't want to be the only one to say that I didn't make it up listen everybody now together first word in the whole verse Psalm 105 and 37 everyone now in unison he brought them forth also with silver and gold and there was not one feeble person among their tribe two and a half million people are not a sick one among them why the blood makes atonement for the soul and when I see the blood I'll pass over you but he said eat the lamb and the lamb was over the fire and the lamb was on a cross and every time you come to the communion table you say this is his blood shed for the remission of sins and this is his body which was given for us for us now I want you to go back to my text in Galatians chapter 3 Christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the law and that is not the penalty that is

that which the penalty deserves and the penalty earned and those under the penalty received but for the purpose of inducing them to repent it is not the penalty and Christ has redeemed us has bought us out from under the curse that was pronounced upon those that broke the law for cursed is everyone that hangeth on a tree now if this is true then we've got to find somewhere that our Lord Jesus not only was crucified but while he was being crucified the curse of the law came upon him and he endured in his body that which we have found or something of that which we have found associated with the curse of the law and so I'm asking you to turn now to Psalm 22 in verse 5 he says verse 6 I am a worm and no man the reproach of men and despised of the people all they did see me laugh me to scorn

they shoot out the lips they shake the head saying he trusted on the Lord that he would deliver him let him deliver him seeing he delighted in him and then in verse 12 many bulls encompassed me strong bulls ovation have beset me around they gaped upon me with their mouths as a ravening and a roaring lion I'm poured out like water all my bones are out of joint my heart is like whack I asked the doctor once what happens with heart disease it was as though your heart became like wax it sort of gives up and our Lord Jesus said I had what you had my strength is dried up like a potsherd my tongue cleaveth to my jaws for dogs encompassed me the assembly of the wicked have enclosed me they pierced my hands and my feet I tell all my bones they look and stare upon me save me from the power of the

dog save me from the lion's mouth our Lord in those hours of agony and this is the psalm of the cross endured the curse of the law he was despised they abhorred him he was attacked by Satan his bones were out of joint his heart melted within him and then if you'll turn to psalm 38 where he has another messianic psalm and we know it's the messianic psalm because he said in verse 11 my lovers and my friends stand aloof from my sword my kinsmen stand afar off there's the messianic key and here our Lord Jesus has identified himself with me and because I have under both the penalty of the law of death and the curse of the law the only way he can redeem me from the penalty of the law is to die and the only way he can redeem me from the curse of the law is to be made a curse for me take the

curse and so here he identifies himself with me and he so claimed me and brought me to himself that he makes my sin his and yours is there is no soundness in my flesh because of mine anger neither is there any rest in my bones because of my sin it was not his but it was mine that he made his and since he identified himself with me and the Gethsemane when he kneeled over the stone from the moment that he arose from that stone he was under the sentence of death and thus from three in the morning or if you please six in the morning he was taken into the presence of the Caiaphas and the high priest and then the pilot he was there scourged buffeted beat the crown of thorns pressed on his head and his hands nailed to the cross hear me my dear that of blood which was shed by the cat and nine

tails that tore his flesh from his back was not the blood that makes atonement for the soul the blood that run they ran down from the spear points of the crown of thorns was not that blood with which his life was poured out that was just the agony that came as he endured the curse of the law so from six in the morning at the latest until three in the afternoon our lord jesus was undergoing this which came upon man because they were under the penalty until they paid the penalty so we find it here in this 38th psalm my wounds stink and are corrupt because of my foolishness i am troubled i am bowed down greatly i go mourning all the day long for my loins are filled with a loathsome disease and there's no soundness in my flesh i am feeble and sore broken my heart panted my strength fail

me as for the light of mine eyes it is gone from me in verse 13 i as a deaf man heard not i was as a dumb man that opened not his mouth in verse 17 i am ready to halt to stumble and my sorrow is continually before me and our lord has in this 38th psalm so identified himself with it that he has told us that in those hours of agony on the cross he was enduring the curse of the law and so if you understand then what we've been setting forth it is this that the penalty of sin is death the only way he could redeem us was to die to have his life gush forth and he poured out his soul unto death that the penalty of our sins might be remitted but his purpose was not only to save us from the penalty of what we've done but to save us from the curse of the law as well and so he was made a curse for

us and this is symbolized by his by the word hanging on a tree and then we find the statement made in isaiah 53 if you care to turn to it by a stripe to your heels why because the stripes were the cat and nine tails the executioner used upon the back of our lord a leather thong tied around his wrist pulled down to his ring in the stone in the courtyard and with his back arch then the cat and nine tails would come and tear the flesh from the back from the body of our lord and this was not for the purpose of releasing his life this was that which was put upon those that were condemned as a foretaste of the penalty in order that they might be induced to repent and to confess that it might save the court the trouble of having to have a trial it was the curse of the law and our lord jesus

therefore has declared by his stripes we are healed his blood was shed for the remission of our sins but he gave himself up to the agony of the cross in order that he might deliver us from the curse of the law by being made a curse for us now come with me then to our text again in galatians the third chapter what are the implications of it i think this will help you to see it here is a man who has had a mortgage placed upon him and the strange terms of this mortgage are as follows as long as until the mortgage is paid every monday morning absolutely every monday morning a railway express delivery man is going to come to his door with a box this is a box of snakes there are vipers and cobras and puff adders there's just coral there are coral snakes and water moccasins and rattlers just

different snakes but every monday morning a box full of snakes are brought to his front door and the man says here's your snake sign for him and because he knows his mortgage is on him and he knows the

terms of the mortgage are such he signs and takes it and the door opens and the man opens the door and slams it shut and so all week long the fella has to fight snakes well then somebody hears about this and decides that he ought to do something so he goes and says what is the well you see i have a debt and the only until i pay that debt as long as i'm under that debt this i those terms are that i i knew about it i knew what it was the terms are that i have to take these snakes well i'm going to do something about that so he comes back a little later and he says here i've paid your penalty

i've paid your mortgage and here is the absolution you're free oh that's wonderful the debt is paid isn't that wonderful the debt has been paid but the next monday morning the bell rings and he goes to the door and there's the railway express man what are you doing here my debts pay i don't know anything about your debt being paid i just know that and everybody in this block gets a box of snakes on monday morning and you're in this block and here's your snake as long as you live in this block you're going to take snakes all right my debts paid i don't have to i don't know anything about that i just know you live in this block you get snakes move if you don't want snakes but if you live here you get them you mean i gotta take them you gotta take them that's my orders leave them here you

mean i gotta sign for them you gotta think i thought when i had the debt paid that these snakes wouldn't come anymore well here's sign i don't know what use it is to have the debt paid still fighting snakes so door opens and the box is empty and times it's all week long he fights snakes and so week after week the express man comes with a snake and finally well the man who paid the mortgage comes around say wait a minute what are you doing well i'm just fighting snakes get out of the way there's one over there what do you mean don't you know that i not only delivered you from the penalty of this mortgage but i delivered you from the interest you don't have to keep paying the interest on it well why you see the only way i could possibly deliver you was to let every one of those snakes bite

me and i have been bitten by every snake that they'd ever put in and because i not only paid the penalty but i also took the bite of the snakes and i did it for you you don't have to take it anymore you mean that yes i mean it and the next sunday morning next monday morning the bell rings and he goes he doesn't open the door this time he shouts through the keyhole he says take your snakes away the man who paid the penalty has told me that he's the obligation for the interest and i don't have to take them any longer take them away say is that what it means well that's what it means to me and when i saw that truth i said thank you lord for letting this thing that you didn't remove stay long enough to show me this truth and god began to gently and graciously graciously lead me into the place

where i saw that christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the law having been made a curse for us and it opened up a biblical ground for believing the lord for the body it opened up a theological ground it opened up a scriptural ground it put a foundation under it and it's meant delight and joy and peace and blessing and a measure of health i've never known before and not only to me but to others and today this sunday afternoon i'd like to have you take this verse ponder it and meditate upon it until the truth of it grips your heart and i trust it appears to you the same way as it does to me that christ gave his blood for the remission of our sins and he gave his body for us for us and you know could it be that this is what the scripture means when it says many are sick and some sleep

not discerning the lord's body not realizing its importance and its place and its meaning and its significance do you think so let's take the text shall we christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the law being made a curse for us for it is written cursed is everyone that hangeth on a tree for additional copies of this cassette or a listing of other dimension tapes contact your local bookstore or bethany fellowship 6820

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